

The 21st

LSI 2018

Design Contest
In Okinawa

Neural Network and HW
design

LSI Design Contest

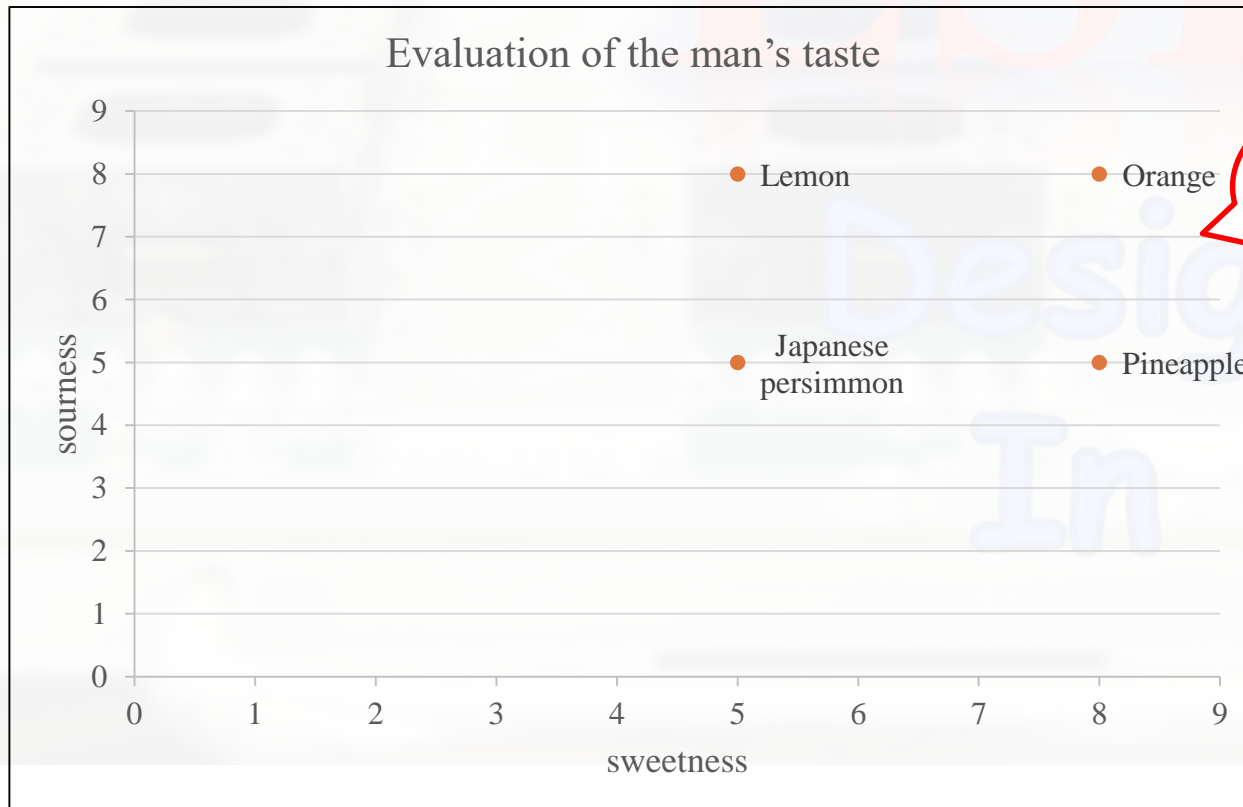


Introduction

- This is an example of Neural network HW design.
- The neural network structure used here is 3-layer structure.
- It consist of 2 input units, 3 hidden units and 2 output units.

State condition

- 4 types of fruits : Orange, lemon, pineapple and Japanese persimmon
- A man eat these 4 types of fruits and decide the level of sweetness and sourness of the fruits from the range of 0 to 10
- After deciding the level of sweetness and sourness, he then decide which fruits he likes and not which fruit he dislikes
- So let's consider the fruits he likes as $[1,0]$ and the fruits he dislike as $[0,1]$



How to measure the man's taste using Neural Network?

HW specification

forward process

- $z_i^2 = w_{1i}^2 k_1 + w_{2i}^2 k_2 + b_i^2$ (z2)
- $a_i^2 = a(z_i^2) = \frac{1}{1+e^{-z_i^2}}$ (i=1,2,3) (a2)
- $z_j^3 = w_{1j}^3 a_j^2 + w_{2j}^2 a_j^2 + w_{3j}^2 a_j^2 + b_j^3$ (z3)
- $a_j^3 = a(z_j^3) = \frac{1}{1+e^{-z_j^3}}$ (j = 1,2) (a3)

k or t is read from memory recursively 11 clk after.



backward process

- $a'(z_i^n) = \frac{e^{-z_i^n}}{(e^{-z_i^n} + 1)^2} = ((1 - a_i^n) a_i^n)$ (n=2,3) (dadz)
- $\delta_1^3 = (a_1^3 - t_1) a_1^{3'}(z_1^3)$ (delta3)
- $\delta_1^2 = (\delta_1^3 w_{11}^3 + \delta_2^3 w_{21}^3 + \dots) a_1^{2'}(z_1^2)$ (delta2)
- $\frac{\partial C}{\partial w_{ij}^n} [m] = \delta_j^n a_i^{n-1} [m]$, however, $a_i^1 = K_i$ (dw2, dw3)
- $\frac{\partial C}{\partial b_j^n} [m] = \delta_j^n [m]$ (db2, db3)
- $\Delta w_{ij}^n = -\eta \frac{\partial C}{\partial w_{ij}^n} = -\eta (\frac{\partial C}{\partial w_{ij}^n} [1] + \dots + \frac{\partial C}{\partial w_{ij}^n} [m])$
(dw_adder_w2, dw_adder_w3)
- $\frac{\partial C}{\partial b_j^n} = \frac{\partial C}{\partial b_j^n} [1] + \dots + \frac{\partial C}{\partial b_j^n} [m]$ (n=2,3 m=1,2,3,4)
(db_adder_b2, db_adder_b3)

NN_CORE

input

output

Module Name: NN_CORE

Description:

Calculation of capital_delta_w(and b) at 10000times and renewal of w and b at once

Input:

clk: 1 bit : clock signal

res: 1 bit : reset signal

din : 1 bit : read enable signal

(when din =1, can read the data from memory, when din=0, cannot read the data from memory)

select_initial : 1bit :

use the initial value of bias and weight.
select_initial=1 only at the beginning of simulation.

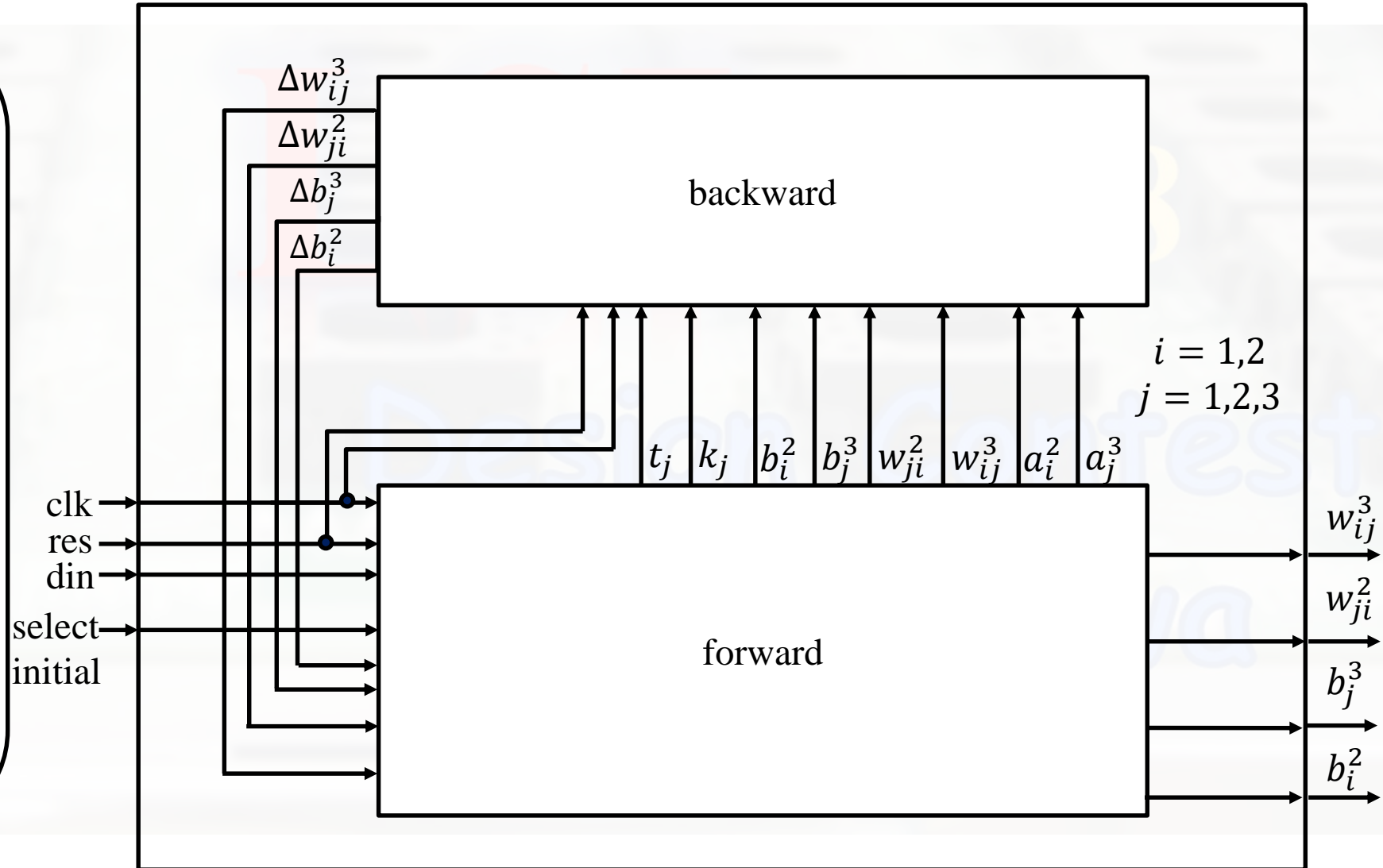
Output : (i=1,2,3 , j=1,2)

w_{ij}^3 : 32bits,signed : renewal w3_ij weight

w_{ji}^2 : 32bits,signed : renewal w2_ji weight

(32bits,signed has

00000000 . 000000000000000000000000)



forward (forward.v)

※配線の一部省略

Module Name: forward
Description: Calculation of a2 and a3

Input:(i=1,2,3 , j=1,2)

clk: 1 bit : clock signal

res: 1 bit : reset signal

din : 1 bit : read enable signal

(when din =1, can read the data from mem.)

select_initial : 1bit :

(when din =1, use the initial value of bias and weight.)

Δw_{ij}^3 : 32bits : the amount of w_{ij}^3 change

Δw_{ji}^2 : 32bits : the amount of w_{ji}^2 change

Δb_i^3 : 32bits : the amount of b_i^3 change

Δb_j^2 : 32bits : the amount of b_j^2 change

Output:(i=1,2,3 , j=1,2)

a_j^3 : 32bits : output_layer_output

k_i : 32bits : supervisor data

t_i : 32bits : supervisor value

w_{ij}^3 : 32bits : output_layer weight

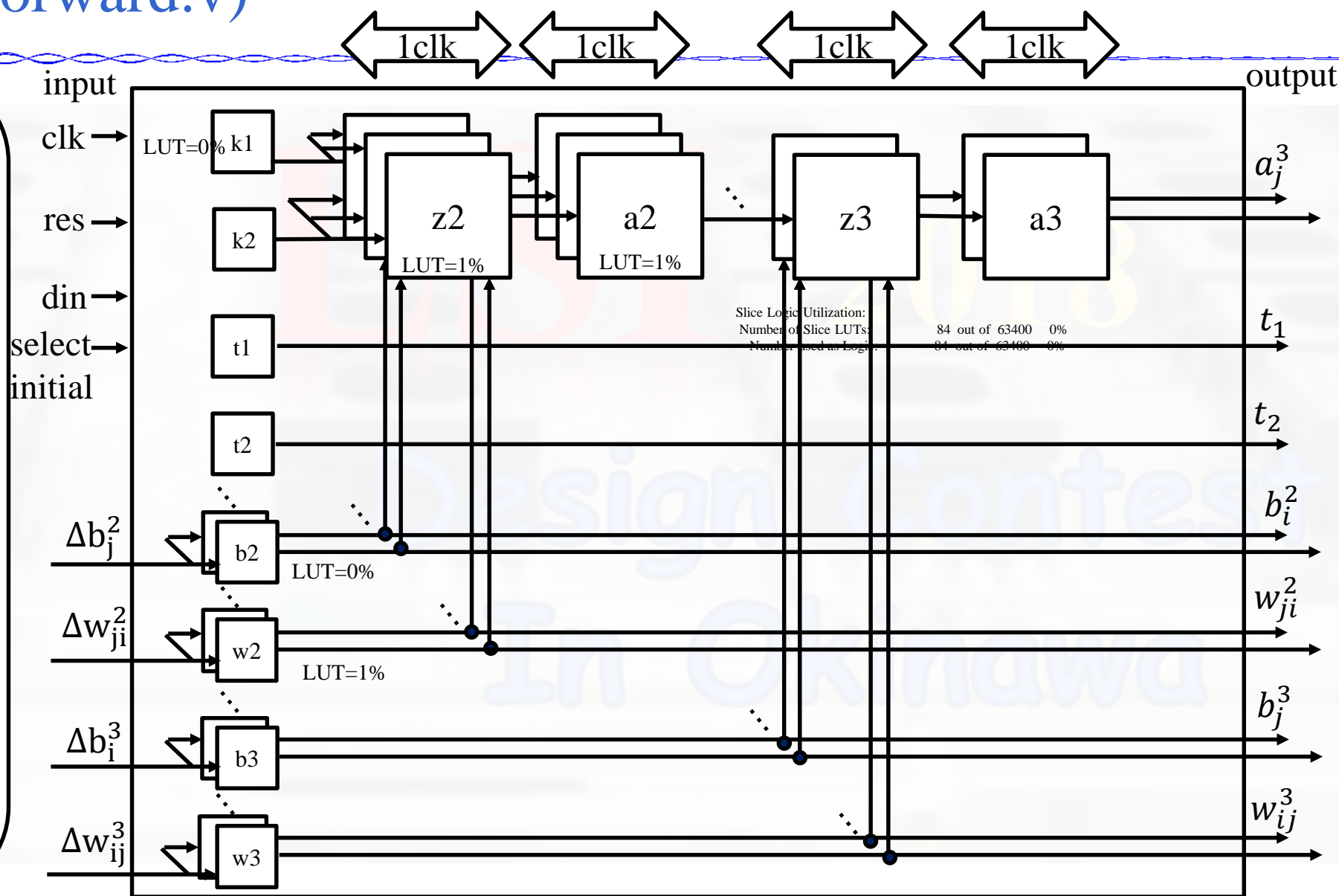
w_{ji}^2 : 32bits : hidden_layer weight

b_j^3 : 32bits : output_layer bias

b_i^2 : 32bits : hidden_layer bias

(32bits,signed has

00000000 . 00000000000000000000000000000000)



backward (backward.v)

output

※配線の一部省略

input

Module Name: backward

Description:

Calculation of capital_delta_w(and b)

Input:(i=1,2,3 , j=1,2)

clk: 1 bit : clock signal

res: 1 bit : reset signal

a_j^3 : 32bits : output_layer output

a_i^2 : 32bits : hidden_layer output

k_j : 32bits : supervisor data

t_j : 32bits : supervisor value

w_{ij}^3 : 32bits : output_layer weight

w_{ji}^2 : 32bits : hidden_layer weight

Output:(i=1,2,3 , j=1,2)

Δw_{ij}^3 : 32bits : the amount of w_{ij}^3 change

Δw_{ji}^2 : 32bits : the amount of w_{ji}^2 change

Δb_i^3 : 32bits : the amount of b_i^3 change

Δb_j^2 : 32bits : the amount of b_j^2 change

